No. of Company 2061041

The Companies Act 1985

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum and Articles of Association of

C.B.H. MANAGEMENT LIMITED

(Incorporated the 3rd day of October 1986)

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PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

C.B.H. MANACEMENT LIMITED

(As altered by Special Resolution passed on the 3rd day of November 1986)

- 1. The Company's name is "C.B.H. MANAGEMENT LIMITED".
- 2. The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales.
- 3. The Company's objects are:-
- (a) (i) To acquire, dispose, manage, administer, deal with land, building and property, both real and personal, on its own account or as trustee, nominee or agent of any other company or person.
- (ii) To guarantee the payment of any debenture, debentures, mortgages, charges, bonds, obligations, interests, dividends, securities, monies or shares of the performance of contracts, or engagements of any other company or person and to give indemnities and guarantees of all kinds whenever considered desirable and to guarantee either by personal obligation or by mortgaging or by charging or by any part of the undertaking of property, assets both present and future and uncalled capital of the company or by both such methods the performance of any contract or obligation of any firm or company whatsoever.

- (b) To carry on any other trade or business whatever which can in the opinion of the Board of Directors be advantageously carried on in connection with or ancillary to any of the businesses of the Company.
- (c) To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or In respect of any property.
- (d) To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, licences, secret processes, trade marks, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- (e) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received.
- (f) To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (g) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made.
- (h) To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid).
- (i) To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it.

- (j) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (k) To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- (I) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (m) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world.
- (n) To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies.
- (o) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- (p) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- (q) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts.
- (r) To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient.
- (s) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to

brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company.

- To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its Directors or employees, or may connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business; to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been Directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons; to make payments towards insurance; and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants; and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such purchase schemes to be established or maintained.
- (u) Subject to and in accordance with a due compliance with the provisions of Sections 155 to 158 (inclusive) of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable), to give, whether directly or indirectly, any kind of financial assistance (as defined in Section 152(1)(a) of the Act) for any such purpose as is specified in Section 151(1) and/or Section 151(2) of the Act.
- (v) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature.
- (w) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world.
- (x) To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (y) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them.

AND so that:-

(1) None of the objects set forth in any sub-clause of this Clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such object, and none of such objects shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this Clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company.

- (2) None of the sub-clauses of this Clause and none of the objects therein specified shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to any of the objects specified in any other such sub-clause, and the Company shall have as full a power to exercise each and every one of the objects specified in each sub-clause of this Clause as though each such sub-clause contained the objects of a separate Company.
- (3) The word "Company" in this Clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.
- (4) In this Clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985; but so that any reference in this Clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.
- 4. The liability of the Members is limited.
- 5. The Company's share capital is £1,000 divided into 1,000 shares of £1 each.

WE, the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to this Memorandum; and we agree to take the number of shares shown opposite our respective names.

N	Names and addresses of Subscribers			Number of shares taken by each Subscriber	
1.	Michael Richard Counsell, 15, Pembroke Road, Bristol. BS99 7DX			One	
2.	Christopher Charles Hadler, 15, Pembroke Road, Bristol. BS99 7DX		-	One	
	T	otal shares taken	_	Two	

Dated this 3rd day of March, 1986.

Witness to the above Signatures:- Errol Sandiford, 15, Pembroke Road, Bristol. BS99 7DX PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

C.B.H. MANAGEMENT LIMITED

(As altered by Special Resolution passed on the 3rd day of November 1986)

PRELIMINARY

- 1. (a) The Regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (such Table being hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby and such Regulations (save as so excluded or varied) and the Articles hereinafter contained shall be the regulations of the Company.
- (b) In these Articles the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in these Articles to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.

ALLOTMENT OF SHAPES

- 2. (a) Shares which are comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated shall be under the control of the Directors who may (subject to Section 80 of the Act and to paragraph (d) below) allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same, to such persons, on such terms and in such manner as they think fit.
- (b) All shares which are not comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated and which the Directors propose to issue shall first be offered to the Members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of the existing shares held by them respectively unless the Company in General Meeting shall by Special Resolution otherwise direct. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a period (not being less than fourteen days) within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined. After the expiration of that period, those shares so deemed to be declined shall be offered in the proportion aforesaid to the persons who have, within the said period, accepted all the shares offered to them; such further offer shall be made in like terms in the same manner and limited by a like period as the original offer. shares not accepted pursuant to such offer or further offer as aforesaid or not capable of being offered as aforesaid except by way of fractions and any shares released from the provisions of this Article by any such Special of the Directors Resolution as aforesaid shall be under the control

who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms, and in such manner as they think fit, provided that, in the case of shares not accepted as aforesaid, such shares shall not be disposed of on terms which are more favourable to the subscribers therefor than the terms on which they were offered to the Members. The foregoing provisions of this paragraph (b) shall have effect subject to Section 80 of the Act.

- (c) In accordance with Section 91(1) of the Act Sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act shall not apply to the Company.
- (d) The Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of Section 80 of the Act, to exercise any power of the Company to allot and grant rights to subscribe for or convert securities into shares of the Company up to the amount of the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated at any time or times during the period of five years from the date of incorporation and the Directors may, after that period, allot any shares or grant any such rights under this authority in pursuance of an offer or agreement so to do made by the Company within that period. The authority hereby given may at any time (subject to the said Section 80) be renewed, revoked or varied by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

SHARES

- 3. The lien conferred by Clause 8 in Table A shall attach also to fully paid-up shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company. Clause 8 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- 4. The liability of any Member in default in respect of a call shall be increased by the addition at the end of the first sentence of Clause 18 in Table A of the words "and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment".

GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

- 5. (a) A notice convening a General Meeting shall be required to specify the general nature of the business to be transacted only in the case of special business and Clause 38 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting, and also all that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the Directors and Auditors, and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the Auditors.
- (b) Every notice convening a General Meeting shall comply with the provisions of Section 372(3) of the Act as to giving information to Members in regard to their right to appoint proxies; and notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any Member is entitled to receive shall be sent to the Directors and to the Auditors for the time being of the Company.

- 6. (a) Clause 40 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "at the time when the Meeting proceeds to business" were added at the end of the first sentence.
- (b) If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a General Meeting the General Meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Directors may determine; and if at the adjourned General Meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed therefor such adjourned General Meeting shall be dissolved.
 - (c) Clause 41 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 7. (a) Clause 64 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- (b) The maximum number and minimum number respectively of the Directors may be determined from time to time by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting of the Company. Subject to and in default of any such determination there shall be no maximum number of Directors and the minimum number of Directors shall be one. Whensoever the minimum number of the Directors shall be one, a sole Director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions by Table A and by these Articles expressed to be vested in the Directors generally, and Clause 89 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- (c) The Directors shall not be required to retire by rotation and Clauses 73 to 80 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- (d) No person shall be appointed a Director at any General Meeting unless either:-
 - (i) he is recommended by the Directors; or
- (ii) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the General Meeting, notice executed by a Member qualified to vote at the General Meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment, together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed.
- (e) Subject to paragraph (d) above, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting appoint any person who 1s willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.
- (f) The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number determined in accordance with paragraph (b) above as the maximum number of Directors and for the time being in force.

BORROWING POWERS

8. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and subject (in the case of any security convertible into

shares) to Section 80 of the Act to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- g. (a) An alternate Director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of Clause 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- (b) A Director, or any such other person as is mentioned in Clause 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate Director to represent more than one Director, and an alternate Director shall be entitled at any meeting of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors to one vote for every Director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a Director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

10. The office of a Director shall be vacated if he becomes incapable by reason of illness or injury of managing and administering his property and affairs, and Clause 81 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.

GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

- 11. (a) The Directors may exercise the powers of the Company conferred by Clause 3(t) of the Memorandum of Association of the Company and shall be entitled to retain any benefits received by them or any of them by reason of the exercise of any such powers.
 - (b) Clause 87 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 12. (a) A Director may vote, at any meeting of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors, on any resolution, notwithstanding that it in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, and if he shall vote on any such resolution as aforesaid his vote shall be counted; and in relation to any such resolution as aforesaid he shall (whether or not he shall vote on the same) be taken into account in calculating the quorum present at the meeting.
- (b) Clauses 94 to 97 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

- 13. (a) Every Director or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 144 or Section 727 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court, and no Director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto. But this Article shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by Section 310 of the Act.
 - (b) Clause 118 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 14. (a) The Directors shall, subject to Clause 24 in Table A, register the transfer or, as the case may be, transmission of any shares:-
 - (i) to a member of the family of a Member or deceased Member;
- (ii) to any person or persons acting in the capacity of trustee or trustees of a trust created by a Member (by deed or by will) or, upon any change of trustees of a trust so created, to the new trustee or trustees (so that any such transfer as aforesaid shall be registered pursuant to this paragraph only if such shares are to be held upon the terms of the trust) provided that there are no persons beneficially interested under the trust other than the Member or members of his family and the voting rights conferred by any such shares are not exercisable by or subject to the consent of any person other than the trustee or trustees of the trust or the Member or members of his family and also the Directors are satisfied that the trust is and is intended to remain a trust the sole purpose of which is to benefit the Member or members of his family;
- (iii) by the trustee or trustees of a trust to which subparagraph (ii) above applies to any person beneficially interested under the trust being the Member or a member of his family;
- (iv) to the legal personal representatives of a deceased Member where under the provisions of his will or the laws as to intestacy the persons beneficially entitled to any such shares, whether immediately or contingently, are members of the family (as hereinafter defined) of the deceased Member and by the legal personal representatives of a deceased Member to a member or members of the family of the deceased Member;
 - (v) to any other Member of the Company.
- (b) For the purpose of paragraphs (a) and (j) of this Article but not any other paragraph:

- only in the word "Member" shall not include a person who holds shares only in the capacity of trustee, legal personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy but shall include a former Member in any case where the person concerned ceased to be a Member as the result of the creation of the relevant trust; and
- (ii) the words "a member of the family of a Member" shall mean the husband, wife, widow, widower, child and remoter issue (including a child by adoption), parent (including adoptive parent), brother and sister (whether of the full or half blood and including a brother or sister related by adoption), and child and remoter issue of any such brother or sister (including a child by adoption), of the Member.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article, the Directors may decline to register any transfer or transmission which would otherwise be permitted hereunder without assigning any reason therefor, if it is a transfer;
- (i) of a share (whether or not it is fully paid) made pursuant to paragraph (i) below;
- (ii) of a share pursuant to paragraph (a) by a Member of the Company who is employed by the Company in any capacity provided that this restriction shall not apply to such Members' legal personal representatives.

Clause 24 in Table A shall, for these purposes, be modified accordingly.

- (d) Save where a transfer is made pursuant to paragraph (a) above any person (hereinafter called "the proposing transferor") proposing to transfer any shares shall give notice in writing (hereinafter called "the transfer notice") to the Company that he desires to transfer the same and specifying the price per share which in his opinion constitutes the fair value thereof. The transfer notice shall constitute the Company the agent of the proposing transferor for the sale of all (but not some of) the shares comprised in the transfer notice to any Member or Members willing to purchase the same (hereinafter called "the purchasing Member") at the price specified therein or at the fair value certified in accordance with paragraph (f) below (whichever shall be the lower). A transfer notice shall not be revocable except with the sanction of the Directors.
- (e) The shares comprised in any transfer notice shall be offered to the Members (other than the proposing transferor) as nearly as may be in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively. Such offer shall be made by notice in writing (hereinafter called "the offer notice") within seven days after the receipt by the Company of the transfer notice. The offer notice shall state the price per share specified in the transfer notice and shall limit the time in which the offer may be accepted, not being less than twenty-one days nor more than forty-two days after the date of the offer notice, provided that if a certificate of valuation is requested under paragraph (f) below the offer shall remain open for acceptance for a period of fourteen days after the date on which notice of the fair value certified in accordance with that paragraph shall have been given by the Company to the

Members. For the purpose of this Article an offer shall be deemed to be accepted on the day on which the acceptance is received by the Company. The offer notice shall further invite each Member to state in his reply the number of additional shares (if any) in excess of his proportion which he desires to purchase and if all the Members do not accept the offer in respect of their respective proportions in full the shares not so accepted shall be used to satisfy the claims for additional shares as nearly as may be in proportion to the number of shares already held by them respectively, provided that no Member shall be obliged to take more shares than he shall have applied for. If any shares shall not be capable without fractions of being offered to the Members in proportion to their existing holdings, the same shall be offered to the Members, or some of them, in such proportions or in such manner as may be determined by lots drawn in regard thereto, and the lots shall be drawn in such manner as the Directors may think fit.

- (f) Any Member may, not later than eight days after the date of the offer notice, serve on the Company a notice in writing requesting that the Auditor for the time being of the Company (or at the discretion of the Auditor, a person nominated by the President for the time being of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in the Country of the situation of its Registered Office) certify in writing the sum which in his opinion represents the fair value of the shares comprised in the transfer notice as at the date of the transfer notice and for the purpose of this Article reference to the Auditor shall include any person so nominated. Upon receipt of such notice the Company shall instruct the Auditor to certify as aforesaid and the costs of such valuation shall be apportioned among the proposing transferor and the purchasing Members or borne by any one or more of them as the Auditor in his absolute discretion shall decide. In certifying fair value as aforesaid the Auditor shall be considered to be acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator or arbiter and accordingly any provisions of law or statute relating to arbitration shall not apply. Upon receipt of the certificate of the Auditor, the Company shall by notice in writing inform all Members of the fair value of each share and of the price per share (being the lower of the price specified in the transfer notice and the fair value of each share) at which the shares comprised in the transfer notice are offered for sale. For the purpose of this Article the fair value of each share comprised in the transfer notice shall be its value as a rateable proportion of the total value of all the issued shares of the Company and shall not be discounted or enhanced by reference to the number of shares referred to in the transfer notice.
- (g) If purchasing Members shall be found for all the shares comprised in the transfer notice within the appropriate period specified in paragraph (e) above, the Company shall not later than seven days after the expiry of such appropriate period give notice in writing (hereinafter, called "the sale notice") to the proposing transferor specifying the purchasing Members and the proposing transferor shall be bound upon payment of the price due in respect of all the shares comprised in the transfer notice to transfer the shares to the purchasing Members.
- (h) If in any case the proposing transferor after having become bound as aforesaid makes default in transferring any shares the Company may receive the purchase money on his behalf, and may authorise some person to execute a transfer of such shares in favour of the purchasing Members. The receipt of the Company for the purchase money shall be a good discharge to the purchasing Members. The Company shall pay the purchase money into a separate bank account.

- (i) If the Company shall not give a sale notice to the proposing transferor within the time specified in paragraph (g) above he shall, during the period of thirty days next following the expiry of the time so specified, be at liberty subject to paragraph (c) above to transfer all or any of the shares comprised in the transfer notice to any person or persons.
- (j) In any case where any shares are held by the trustee or trustees of a trust following a transfer or transfers made pursuant to sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph (a) above and it shall come to the notice of the Directors that not all the persons beneficially interested under the trust are members of the family (as hereinbefore defined) of the Member by whom the trust was created, the Directors may at any time within twenty-eight days thereafter resolve that such trustee or trustees do transfer such shares and such trustee or trustees shall thereupon be deemed to have served a transfer notice comprising such shares pursuant to paragraph (d) above and to have specified therein the fair value to be certified in accordance with paragraph (f) above and the provisions of this Article shall take effect accordingly. Notice of such resolution shall forthwith be given to such trustee or trustees.
- (k) In the application of Clauses 29 to 31 (inclusive) in Table A to the Company:-
- (i) save where the proposed transfer or transmission is within paragraph (a) above ("a permitted transfer") any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member shall give a transfer notice, before he elects in respect of any share to be registered himself or to execute a transfer;
- (ii) if a person so becoming entitled shall not have executed a permitted transfer or given a transfer notice in respect of any share within six months of the death or bankruptcy, the Directors may at any time thereafter upon resolution passed by them give notice requiring such person within thirty days to execute permitted transfers or give a transfer notice in respect of all the shares to which he has so become entitled and for which he has not previously done so and if he does not do so he shall at the end of such thirty days be deemed to have given a transfer notice pursuant to paragraph (d) of this Article relating to those shares in respect of which he has still not executed permitted transfers or given a transfer notice;
- (iii) where a transfer notice is given or deemed to be given under this paragraph (k) and no price per share is specified therein the transfer notice shall be deemed to specify the sum which shall, on the application of the Directors, be certified in writing by the Auditors in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Article as the fair value thereof.
- (1) Whenever any Member of the Company who is employed by the Company in any capacity (whether or not he is also a Director) ceases to be employed by the Company otherwise than by reason of his death the Directors may at any time not later than six months after his ceasing to be employed resolve that such Member do retire, and thereupon he shall (unless he has already served a transfer notice) be deemed to have served a transfer notice pursuant to paragraph (d) of this Article and to have specified therein the fair value to be certified in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Article. Notice of the passing of any such resolution shall forthwith be given to the Member affected thereby.

The regulations of Table A to the Companies Act 1985 apply to the Company save in so far as they are not excluded or varied by its Articles of Association

Table A as prescribed by the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 805), amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 1052), is reprinted below.

Table A THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

Regulations for Management of a Company Limited by Shares

INTERPRETATION

In these regulations — the Act' means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or

The Act means the Companies Act 1993 including any statutory induffication or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. The articles' means the articles of the company. It clear days' in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect.

'executed' includes any mode of execution.

'office' means the registered office of the company.

The holder' in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in

the register of members as the holder of the shares

the seal means the common seal of the company.

'secretary' means the secretary of the company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary.

'the United Kingdom' means Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these regulations become binding on the

SHARE CAPITAL

2. Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine.

3. Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the

holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles.

4. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the altoiment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in

one way and parity in the other.

5. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the attroles or by law) the company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirely thereof in the holder.

E Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him. without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which the lates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares hald positive the present part holds only in the seal of the part held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall

nero joinity by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.

7. If a share certificate is defaced, worm-out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably indurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

- a. The company small have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a lully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable of not) payable at a liked time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in partiexempt from the provisions of this regulation. The
- organish the on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.

 The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a lien it a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently bayable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the
- notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
 13. To give effect to a sale the piractors may authorise some person to execute. an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to lor in accordance with the orections of the purchaser. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be attacted by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the
- sale

 11. The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as its presently payable. and any residue shall (upon surrender to the company for candellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

Subject to the terms of allotment, the ovectors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of namina, value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least Trustien Great deuts mertuum and each member shart subject to recently acted a four tem Great deuts indice specifying when and where payment is to be madely deuts of the company as required by the notice the amount cause on this shares. A deuts of the company of the period of the statement of the company of the tederal by the company of any sum questing expenses the responsibility of the capital deuts and the expenses the postiponed in whose or part Aperis on outside the time of the capital of the models from this of the capital to a simple page not in a power state of the page and the service of the capital of the capital

the shares in respect whereof the call was made.

13. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed.

14. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally leadle to pay all calls

12 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally leadle to pay an earlier respect thereof.

15 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whomit is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call, or if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date. whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instainment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply

as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

17. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times.

the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares. It is a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than to orticen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

19. If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors and the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeitere.

torteiture

- Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-altorment or other disposition, the fortesture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfasted share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person.
- 21. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrunder to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeitine were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate 2t which interest was Day below in those money's before the forfacture or, if no interest west so payable, at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfacture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce bayment without any attowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfacture. or for any consideration received on their disposal.
- of tor any consideration received on their disposal.

 22. A statutory declaration by a director of the sporelarly that is share has been forfield on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in that a against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the population of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be aftered by any irregularity in or invalidity. any, nor shall his little to the share be affected by any megulus by or of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share

TRANSFER OF SHARES

23. The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any chief form which the pirectors may approve and shall be executed by or on certail of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid by or on behalf of the

called the directions may refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fail paid to a person of whom they of not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a fen. They may also refuse to register a transfer unless —

(a) it is lodged at the clice or at such other place as the Grectors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably reduce to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.

(b) it is in respect of only one class of shares; and (c) it is in favour of not more than four transferees

25. If the directors reluse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

26. The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such portions (not exceeding thirty

they deliberated at such times and to such periods (not exceeding trainty cass in any year) as the directors may determine.

The lee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.

The company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is resistant and but any instrument of transfer which is

registered, but any instrument of transfer which the oriectors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

From Notified SION OF SHARES

25. If a niember dies the scrivial respects where the was a joint notice, and in construit representatives where he was a sole horse or the only survivor of its corrects. Shall be the only persons recognised by the company as fraking but intending the company as fraking but in the tolling indicates but noting nation contained shall require interests the estate of a contained indicates indicates in tespect of artistics which had been a contained by in minute.

member had not occurred. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death of studicy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being stered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote stered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of the holders of any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any is of shares in the company.

TERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

The company may by ordinary resolution — [a] increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the pattern prescribes

(b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger

consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger count than its existing shares. (c) subject to the provisions of the Act, sub-divide its shares, or any of shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as muto shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as muto shares of smaller amount and the resolution may have any elerance or advantage as compared with the others, and (c) cancel shares which it the date of the passing of the resolution, have considered to a share which it the date of the passing of the resolution, have share capital by the amount of ine shares so cancelled share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would expose entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may on behalf of those experts sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price experts sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price asphalpy obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the exposed) and distribute the net proceads of sale in due proportion than those members and the directors may authorise some person to make those members and the directors may authorise some person to recute an instrument of transfer of the shares to, or in accordance with the rection of the purchase. The transferce shall not be bound to see to the rection of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected via any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale, or reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve and any emitted and account in any way.

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

PUNCHABE OF CAYIN SHARES

35 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and if it is a private company, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares of the payment of the proceeds of the company or the proceeds of the payment in state of chartes. Hest issue of shares

GENERAL MEETINGS

35. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

36. The directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of the members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to member an extraordinary general meeting to a date not later than eight weeks convene an extraordinary general meeting are not within the United Kingdom sufficient orienters to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

NOTICE OF GENERAL IVIERTINGS

35. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called

15. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting as a

15-tine passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a

15-tine passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a

15-tine passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person

15-tine passing of a special meeting shall be called by at least tourieen clear days

15-tine passing of a special meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so

15-tine passing of a special meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so

15-tine passing of a special meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so

agreed—
(a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and
(b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right-to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than hinely-live per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that

not less than minerythms between and place of the meeting and the general monice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and annual general eld the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general eld the shall specify the meeting as such.

Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shall specify the principles and to any restrictions imposed on any shalles the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a shall be considered to the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the constructions and such that

share in consequence of the control of the control of a meeting to or the non-receipt of the accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to or the notice shall not of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not or notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not ovalidate the proceedings at that meeting

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

17. For business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is crossent. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each crossent. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each crossent.

10. The Dusiness shall be transacted at any mactini, unless a quorum is created. The persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each persons are transacted at any mactini, unless a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed to the meeting or it during a meeting such a quorum deases to tip present, the tortine meeting or it during a meeting such a quorum deases to tip present, the tortine meeting of it during a meeting such a quorum deases to tip present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same meeting shall retain a same properties or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as charman of the meeting. The charman left half the shall preside as charman of the meeting. Until director individual to the constitution of the original present shall elect one of their number to be charman and. If the original present shall elect one of their number to be charman and. If the original present shall elect one of their number to be charman and. If the original present shall elect one of their number to be charman and original menutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be charman present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be charman to attend and social at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the number of any class of shares in the company at the charman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is a time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an algorines meeting other than business which might proporly have been transacted. The charman may with the consent of a meeting proporly have been transacted at the meeting that the adjournment net taken place. When a transacted in the meeting had the adjournme

hands united before or or the distances of the regular points out demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Atlantation of the provisions of the Atlantation of the object of the provisions of the Atlantation of the object of the provisions of the Atlantation of the object of the o

(a) by the chairman of (b) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting of (b) by at least two members representing not less than one-tenth of the (c) by a member or members having the gat to vote at the meeting of total voting rights of all the members holding shares conferring a right to vote at (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up on others than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right. that right

demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a

demand by the member 47. Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the number of or proportion of the votes recorded in faircular of or against the resolution.

resolution.

48. The demand for a poil may before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the

demand was made

49. A poli shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint sorutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poli. The result of the poli shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poli was demanded of the meeting at which the poli was demanded on the declaring of the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have

the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote nemay have.

51. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a Question of adjournment shall be taken for thinkith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either for thinkith or at such time and place as the chairman directs shall be taken either for thinkith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a not being more than the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. It a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as it the demand had not been made.

demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as the over the peen made.

52. No notice need be given of a poli not taken forthwith if the time and place so which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded, at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the financial place at which the poli is to be taken, time and place at which the poli is to be taken.

53. A resolution in writing executed by or on behall of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of one or more instruments in the like form each executed by or on tenall of one or more members.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

54. Subject to any rights or restrictions attrached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a nace every member by a duly authorised representative, not being himself a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, not being himself and member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poli every member shall have one vote and on a poli every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder. The case of joint holders the vote of the senior who fenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the other joint holders stand in the register of members the holders stand in the register of members. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court shaving jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or stewhere) in matters having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or stewhere) in matters having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or stewhere) in matters having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or stewhere) in matters having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or stewhere) in matters having mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a polity in matters by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in their behalf by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in their behalf by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised of the directors of the may, on a polity tote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfation of the directors of the authority of the person cialming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited authority of the person cialming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited authority of the person cialming to exercise

exercisable

77. No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company, either in person or by of the holders of any chass of shares in the company presently payable proxy, in respect of that share have been paid.

by him in respect of that share have been paid.

53. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the 53. No objection shall be finised to the qualification of any objection made in meeting of adjourned meeting at which the vote objected it is tendered, and meeting or adjourned meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in our time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

conclusive

59. On a poli votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.

50. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on 50. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form for in a form as near behalf of the appointor and shall be in the following form for in a form as near thereto as originationes allow of in any other form which is usual or which the originations may approved in

F_C/Limited Lof member/members of the above-named company invited, special and Michigan State William Section States Section States Section 1988

member/members during during respect to the company to be held extraordinary general meeting of the company to be held extraordinary general meeting of the company to be held extraordinary adjournment the replacements and the company to be held extraordinary adjournment the replacement to the company to be held extraordinary adjournment the replacement to the company to be held to the company to be held extraordinary adjournment the replacement to the company to be held extraordinary to the company to the

for on the state of the state o

ITWe company to the above named company hereby appoint member/members of the above named company hereby , or taking tum

, as the court proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual extraordinary general meeting of the company tope held on the information at an adjournment thereof. This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follower.

cholict

Resolution to 1 flor lagainst Resolution to 2 flor lagainst 1Strike out whichever is not desired

Unlike both Authors is not coorde. The proof may vote as he thanks lit or abstain from Unless otherwise instructed. The proof may vote as he thanks lit or abstain from

Signed in State appending a provider and any Jumper, which it is a first maturally under which it is a first maturally appending a provider and any or in some other was executed or a consistent authority certified notice as your pattern.

actroyed by the directors may —

(a) the deposited at the office or at such direct piece within the Uruted find the deposited at the office or at such direct meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting or it as that 43 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at much the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or (b) in the case of a politiaken more than 48 hours after its demanded, be osted as aloresard after the politions been demanded and not test than 24 outs before the time appointed for the taking of the polition (c) where the polition of taken forthwith but its taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting all which the politions after it was demanded to be delivered at the meeting all which the politics and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

permitted shall be invalid.

63. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

64. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of circulars (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him.

65. An afternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appoint is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled functions. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an iternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.

67. An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases to be a director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which has increase in meeting at which has increase in meeting at which has increase many appointment of an alternate director shall be by notice to face immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any chaer manner approved by the directors.

65. Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any chaer manner approved by the directors.

66. Save as otherwise provided in the articles, an alternate director shall be over a stream see provided in the articles. An alternate of rector shall be over a stream see provided in the articles. An alternate of rector shall be over as the article and the shall not

cirector appointing him.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

76. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company, be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company, be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers all the averation of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that invalidate any prior act of the directors had not been given. The powers alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers exercise had not been given to the given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power; given to the certors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is creators by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is creators by the articles and a meeting of directors.

71. The directors may, by power of altorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate alt or any of his cowers.

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS
72 The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing consister or any director holding any other executive office such delegation may be as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be revoked or made subject to any conditions the directors may impose, and either made subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with the or more members, shall be coverned by the articles regulating the proceedings of creators so far as they are capable of applying

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS at the lirist annual general meeting all the directors shall reture from office, at every subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors who are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple at three, the number nearest to one-third shall reture from office, but, if there is one director who is subject to retirement by rotation, he shall reture. Subject to the provisions of the Abi, the onestors to retire by rotation shall be subject to the provisions of the Abi, the onestors to retire by rotation shall the mose which have been longest in office a not lineit tast appointment or restors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themse vest) be determined by following the vacancy the retiring director shall, if which to act be deemed to have not life the vacancy the retiring director shall, if which to be deemed to have considered unless at the meeting it is respired not to find the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the buestor is but to the meeting and lost.

unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is out to the meeting and test.

The No person other than a director retiring 0, rotation shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless —

(a) he is recommended by the directors of (b) not less than tourtierd nor more than thirty-live clear days before the content of the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that it the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that it the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if person for appointment or reappointed by required to be included in the company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of this willingness to be appointed or reappointed. Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date. Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting of any person to all who are appointed to receive notice of the meeting of any person to all who are appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of appointment or reappointment as a director. The notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention of propose that if give the particulars of that person which would they were so appointed to reappoint the recompany of the prefer so appointed to reappoint the recompany of the prefer so appointed to reappoint the prefer of the propose of the prefer so appointed the required to be included in the prefer so appointed to reappoint the

TEL Subject as atoresald, the company, π_a/τ , τ_a/τ , τ_a/τ , τ_a/τ as an person who is willing to act to be a breath a regime to which and a to tional applicancy director and may also determine the rotation in which and a to tional

additional prestor and may also determine the rotation to witing to act to be a prector, or extension are to return. The conceptors may appoint a person who is witing to act to be a prector, or the conceptor may appoint a person who is witing to act to be a prector, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional prector, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of prestors to exceed any number appointment does not cause the number of prectors to exceed any number of directors. A director so appointed with the articles as the maximum number of directors. A director so appointed with the articles as the maximum indices annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the annual general meeting in shall vacate office at the conclusion thereof.

Subject as alloredsaid, a director who retries a nannual general meeting may, if willing to act, be reappointed. The is not reappointed, he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place, or if it does not do so, and the end of the meeting.

until the end of the meeting

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Bit. The office of a director shall be vacated if—
(a) he ceases to be a director by writte of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director, or
(b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with

his creditors generally; or

(c) he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and either

(i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1933 or, in Scotland, an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1952, or (ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonts or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs, or

(d) he resigns his office by notice to the company; or

(e) he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

REINIUNEMATION OF DIRECTIONS

82. The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and, unless the resolution provides otherwise, the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day

DIMECTORS EAPENSES

53. The directors may be paid all travelling hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the hoteless of any class of shares or of dependires of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS 84. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the orbinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he deases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.

85. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has director not withstanding his office.—

notwithstanding his office.—

(a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or tall may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise

interested.

(b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any (b) may be a director or otherwise interested in, any body transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise organization.

interested and

(c) shall not, by reason of his office be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

(a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any such stansaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified, and to an interest of which it director has an interest of an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have intolledge shall not be treated as an interest of his

DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

DIMECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

27 The pirectors may provide benefits whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any pirector who has held but no tanger holds any executive office or emboyment with the company or with any body comporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or predecessor in business of the company or clary such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spoulse and a former spoulse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may fas well before as after he ceases to most such office or employment, continuite to any fund and day premiums for the purchase or provision of any such befelt. the purchase or provision of any such beheft

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give a director shall, call a meeting of the directors in assent from the United Kingdom, natice of a meeting to a director who is assent from the United Kingdom, natice of a meeting to a director who is account to the cashed by a majority of votes. In the Cuestions arising at a meeting shall be eccued by a majority of votes, in the charman shall have a section or casting vote, case of an equality of votes, the charman shall have a section or casting vote. The charman shall have a section to the absence of a creation who is also an afternate director shall be entitled in the absence of this appoint to a separate vote on behalf of his appoint or in addition to his own with

Instanting of any vacancies in the number, but if the number of directors is not instanting or any vacancies in the continuing of ectors of directors and unless so lized at any other number shall be two. A lized by the directors and unless so lized at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an attended circotor shall, if his appointer is person to counted in the Buorum.

The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act \$1. The continuing directors is not a thistorial ng any vacancies in the number, but if the number of director self-timen the number lized as the quotum the continuing directors of director self-timen the number lized as the quotum the continuing directors of director.

max actionly for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting 91. The directors may appoint one of their number to be fine chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office, or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within live minutes after the time appointed for the meeting. The directors present may book one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

2. All acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that if be alterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote. De as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.

appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.

33. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors; but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor and. If it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director it need not be signed by the affects, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company unless his interest or duty anises only because the case falls within one or more of the following paragrabhs.—

(a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee, security, or indemnity in respect of money lent to, or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of, the company or any of its subsidiaries.

(b) the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee, security, or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of its subsidiaries.

and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by

and whether alone or jumity with duties divided and the giving of security

[c] his interest arises by virtue of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares, dependings or other securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries or by virtue of his being or intending to become, a participant in a underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares, techniques or other securities by the company or any of its subsidiaries for

Jepantures or diner securities by the company or any or its substitution, purphase or exchange.

(d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits scheme which has been approved or is conditional upon approval, by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxtition purposes. For the purposes of this regulation, an interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the Act (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in retation to an atternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the atternate director, an interest of the director and the alternate oriector has otherwise.

cirector has otherwise.

95. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.

95. The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of committee of directors.

97. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason prepluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to yote and be doubled in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

entitled to vote and be about a fine dual with a document except that concerning his own appointment.

So it a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to vote, the question may before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the charman of the meeting, and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be fine, and conclusive

93. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the onectors for such term, at such removeration and upon such conditions as they may think lift, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

MINUTES

100. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the

purpose —

[a" of all appointments of officers made by the directors, and

[b" of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the holders of any
plass of shares in the company, and of the directors, and of committees of
prectors, including the names of the directors present at each such meeting

THE SEAL 13: The sea shall only be used by the authority of the preciors or of a committee of preciors authorised by the preciors. The preciors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the sea is affixed and unless otherwise so ceremined it shall be signed by a precior and by the secretary or by a second pirector

DIVIDENDS

102 Subject to the provisions of the Act the company may by ordinary respitution decrare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the

creators
103 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the divectors may pay interim condends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company avalable for distribution. If the share babilat is divided into different chasses, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which conference or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend but no interim dividend share parterential rights with regard to dividend but no interim dividend share parterential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settice by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not indust any lability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deterted of the pro-rights.

103. Except ias otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid adoptions to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportuned and disciplinates to the modulis paid up on the shares during any portion or porturns of the period in resolver of which the dividend is paid but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a

particular date that share shall rank for pulsars for the man are 105. A general meeting declaring a divident may upon the resolution double for the discretization and the samples wheth, or party by the distribution of assets and where any diffusing arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member uson the looking of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may yest any assets in trustees.

trustees 106. Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitied or, if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the registered address of to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made parable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aloresaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share.

107. No dividend or other indneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached

to the share to be share to be shared uncle med for twolve years from the date when it became due for payment shall in the directors so resolve, be forfested and cease to remain owing by the company

ACCOUNTS

109. No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

110. The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the

company—

(a) subject as hereinalter provided, rescive to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available to distribution; or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve;

(b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being choald on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in foll unissued shares or debentures of the company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may oriect, in hose proportions, or partly in one way and partly in the other, but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purchase of this regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be a cited to members credited as fully paid.

fully paid.

(c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or observing distributable under this regulation in fractions; and (d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, dredited as fully paid, of any shares or depending to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members.

NOTICES

111. Any notice to be given to or by any person cursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting or the pirectors need not be in

in writing ecospi that a notice balling a meeting or the birectors need not be in writing.

12. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepard envelope accressed to the member at his registered accress or by leaving it at that accress in the case of junit holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the joint notice whose name stands lirst in the register of members in respect of the joint notice and notice so given shall be sufficient holders of all the joint holders. A member whose registered accress is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that accress, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.

113. A member present, either in person or by chost, at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and where recursite, of the purposes for which it was called.

114. Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register.

purposes tor which it was called 114. Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register of members has been duly given to a person from whom he car yes his title, 115. Proof that an envelope containing a notice was probenly appreciated prepart and posted shall be condustive excents that the notice was given in notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 43 hours after the envelope containing these notified.

notice shall be deemed to be given at the explaint. It is persons entitled to a share containing it was posted.

116. A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death of bankrupto, of a member by sending or delivering ty, in any manner authorised by the arties for the giving of notice to a member, appressed to them by hame, or by the title of representatives of the amember, appressed to the bankrupt or by any like description at the address. If deceased or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address. If calling the both the deceased to that our pose by the persons any, within the United Kingdom supplied to that our pose by the persons calming to be so entitled. Until such an accress has been supplied, a notice may be given any menore in which it might have been given if the death or handworks had not pocurred.

בארטססים, הפס חסו סככטוויפכ

WINDING UP

WINDING UP

117. If the company its wound up, the liquidator may with the sanction of an extraorchar, resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, or do among the members in specie the whole or any part of the absets of the company and may, for that purpose is due as all sessificant between the division shall be carried duties between the members or otherent decesses of members. The liquidator may with the like sanction west the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the behelf of the members as he with the like sanction determines. But no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

INDERVINELY

118. Subject to the provisions of the Act but windut prejudice to any ingermity to which a director may otherwise be entitled every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company and not indemnified out of the assets of the company and instantial any proceedings, whether over upon solutional in which judgment is given in his taxour of in which he is acquitted or or company in which judgment is given in his taxour of in which he is acquited on in confection with any application in which refer to grunted to man by the court from labelity for negligence default, beach or duty or breath of study in refused to the company.